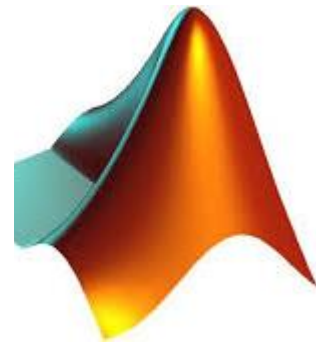


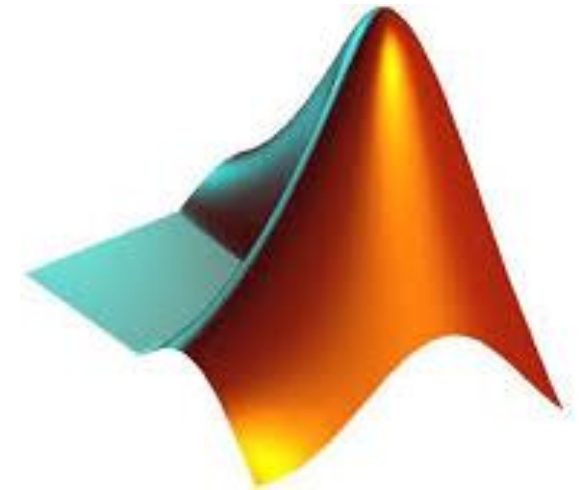


Getting started With ThingSpeak & MATLAB



Overview

- Introduction to IoT data logging with ThingSpeak.
- Setting up ThingSpeak account, channels, and fields.
- Connecting sensors to log data.
- Visualizing data with graphs and MATLAB.

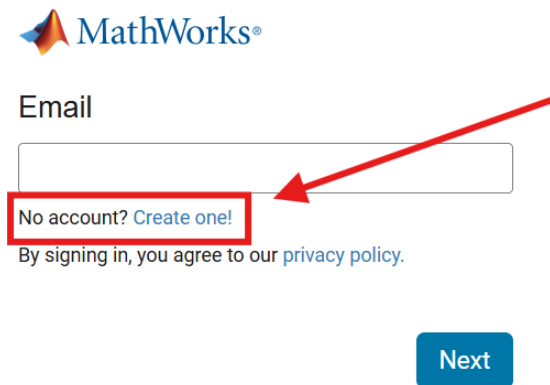


Creating a ThingSpeak Account



Steps:

- Go to <https://thingspeak.mathworks.com/>
- Click on Get started for free and Create an Account



- Fill in your details (name, email, password).
 - Confirm your email to activate the account
- And set up your password.

Create MathWorks Account

Email Address

i To access your organization's MATLAB license, use your school or work email.

Location

First Name

Last Name

Creating a Channel

What is a Channel?

- A channel is where data from your sensor gets stored.

Steps:

1. Navigate to Channels > My Channels > New Channel.



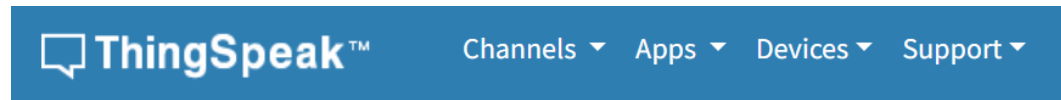
My Channels

New Channel

2. Provide a name and description.

3. Create relevant Fields (e.g., Temperature, Humidity).

6. Click Save Channel.



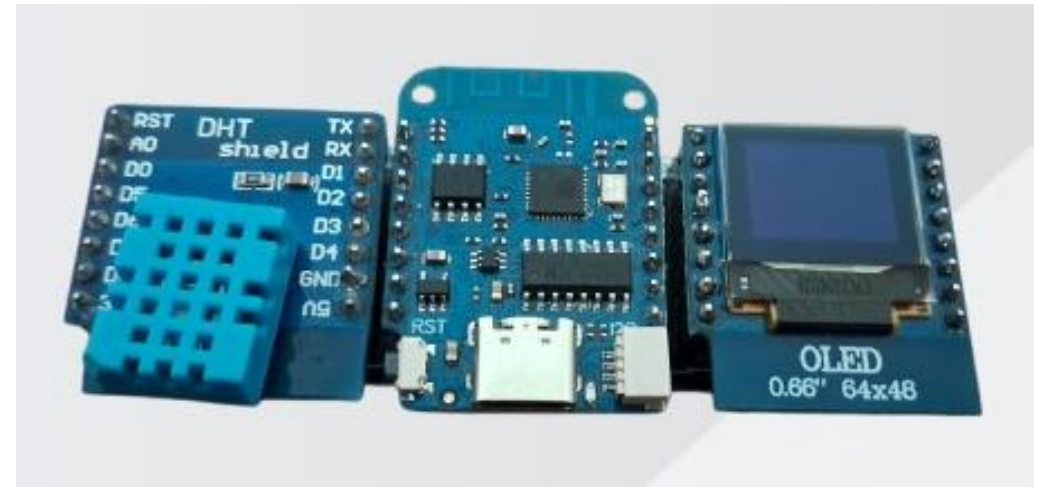
New Channel

Name	<input type="text" value="Humidity and Temperature monitoring"/>
Description	<input type="text" value="Monitoring using a DHT11 sensor"/>
Field 1	<input type="text" value="Temperature"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>
Field 2	<input type="text" value="Humidity"/> <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

Connecting a Sensor to ThingSpeak

Hardware Requirements:

- Microcontroller (e.g., D1 Mini).
- Sensor (e.g., DHT11 for Temperature and Humidity).
- Display (Optional)
- Internet connection (WiFi).



Connect Sensor:

1. Program the microcontroller to send data to ThingSpeak via Arduino IDE.

2. Use the **Write API Key** from your channel.

3. Install the necessary libraries

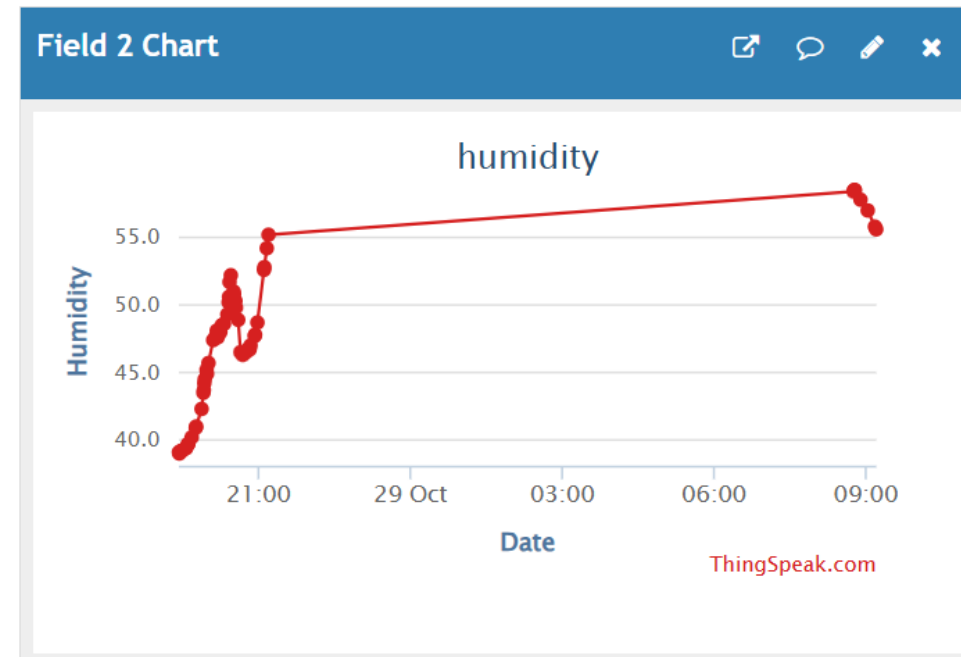
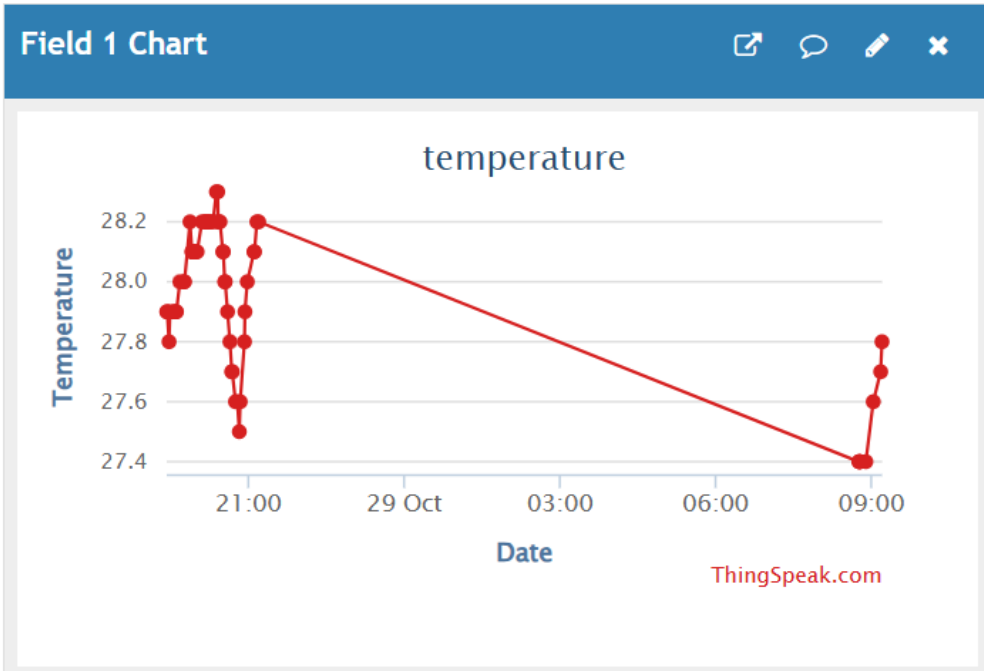
3. Upload the code to the microcontroller.

4. Verify if data is being sent successfully.

```
1  #include <WiFi.h>
2  #include <ThingSpeak.h>
3  #include <Adafruit_Sensor.h>
4  #include <DHT.h>
5
6  const char* ssid = "Lukrasta";
7  const char* password = "Cycy12345";
8
9  #define DHTPIN 4      // Digital pin connected to the DHT sensor
10 #define DHTTYPE DHT11 // DHT 11
11
12 WiFiClient client;
13
14 DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
15
16 unsigned long myChannelNumber = 1;
17 const char * myWriteAPIKey = "L9RS3ZNCOF6QEUSS";
18
19 // Timer variables
20 unsigned long lastTime = 0;
21 unsigned long timerDelay = 30000; // 60secs
22
23 // Variable to hold temperature readings
24 float temperatureC;
25 float humidity;
```

```
29 void setup() {
30     Serial.begin(115200); //Initialize serial
31     dht.begin();
32
33     WiFi.mode(WIFI_STA);
34
35     ThingSpeak.begin(client); // Initialize Thing
36 }
37
38
39 void loop() {
40     if ((millis() - lastTime) > timerDelay) {
41         // Connect or reconnect to WiFi
42         if(WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED){
43             Serial.print("Attempting to connect");
44             while(WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED){
45                 WiFi.begin(ssid, password);
46                 delay(5000);
47             }
48             Serial.println("\nConnected.");
49         }
50
51         // Get a new temperature reading
52         temperatureC = dht.readTemperature();
53         Serial.print("Temperature (°C): ");
```

```
50         // Get a new temperature reading
51         temperatureC = dht.readTemperature();
52         Serial.print("Temperature (°C): ");
53         Serial.println(temperatureC);
54
55         humidity = dht.readHumidity();
56         Serial.print("Humidity (%): ");
57         Serial.println(humidity);
58
59         // set the fields with the values
60         ThingSpeak.setField(1, temperatureC);
61         ThingSpeak.setField(2, humidity);
62
63         int x = ThingSpeak.writeFields(myChannelNumber, myWriteAPIKey);
64
65         if(x == 200){
66             Serial.println("Channel update successful.");
67         }
68         else{
69             Serial.println("Problem updating channel. HTTP error code " + String(x));
70         }
71         lastTime = millis();
72     }
73 }
```



Visualizing Data on ThingSpeak



How to visualize data:

1. Open your channel.
2. Go to Private View
3. Scroll to see the generated graphs.
4. Customize the time range or graph style.

Humidity and Temperature Monitoring

Channel ID: 2677119

Author: mwa0000035322476

Access: Private

Private View

Public View

Channel Settings

Sharing

API Keys

Data Import

+ Add Visualizations

+ Add Widgets

Export recent data

Channel Stats

Created: 28 days ago

Last entry: 39 minutes ago

Entries: 2037

MATLAB in ThingSpeak



- MATLAB Analysis: Perform operations on data.
- MATLAB Visualization: Create customized plots.

MATLAB Visualization

Use interactive ThingSpeak MATLAB® plots to visualize and explore data collected in a channel. You also have access to many more static [MATLAB plots](#).

MATLAB Analysis

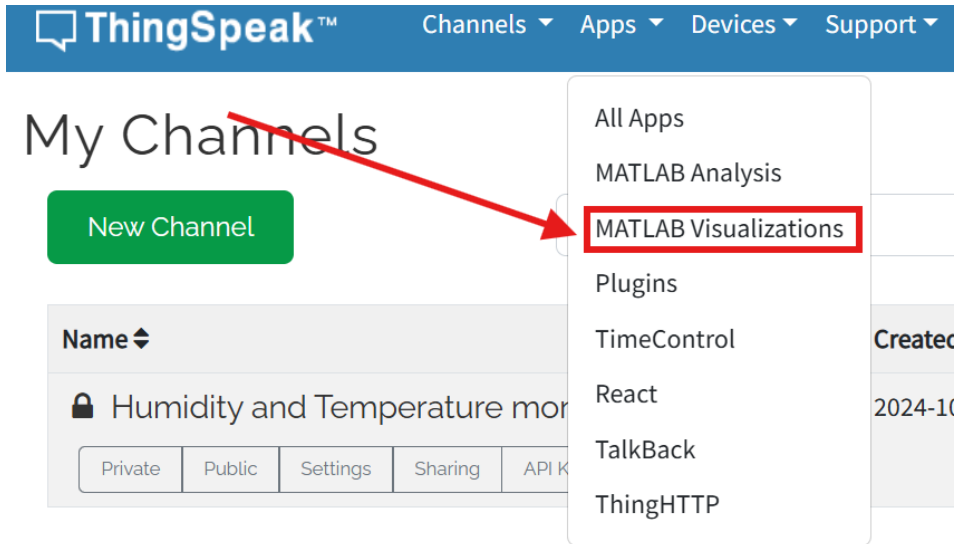
- Explore data collected in a channel or scraped from a website
- Find and remove bad data
- Convert data to different units
- Calculate new data
- Build data models

Writing a MATLAB Script to Visualize Data

Steps :

Go to Apps > MATLAB Visualization.

Click **New** to create a script.



Apps / MATLAB Visualizations

Click **New**, and choose a template to get started. Templates contain sample code.

New

- Select Custom (no starter code)\

Templates:

- Custom (no starter code)
- Create a filled area 2-D plot
- Create a 2-D line plot
- Create 2-D line plots with y-axes on both left and right side
- Create a correlated data plot
- Create a discrete sequence data plot

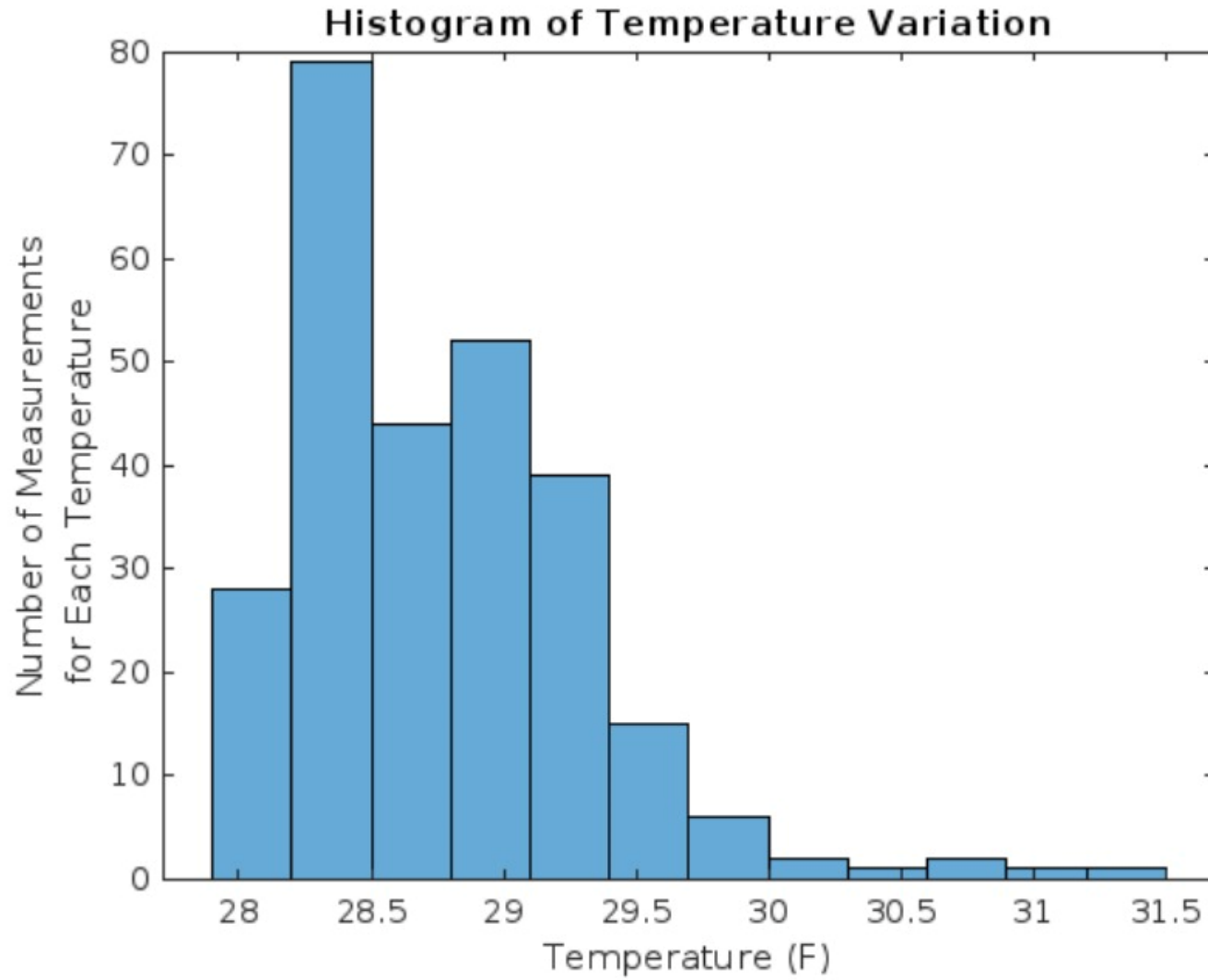
- Click create and write your MATLAB code (e.g., read and plot data), Save and Run.

MATLAB Code

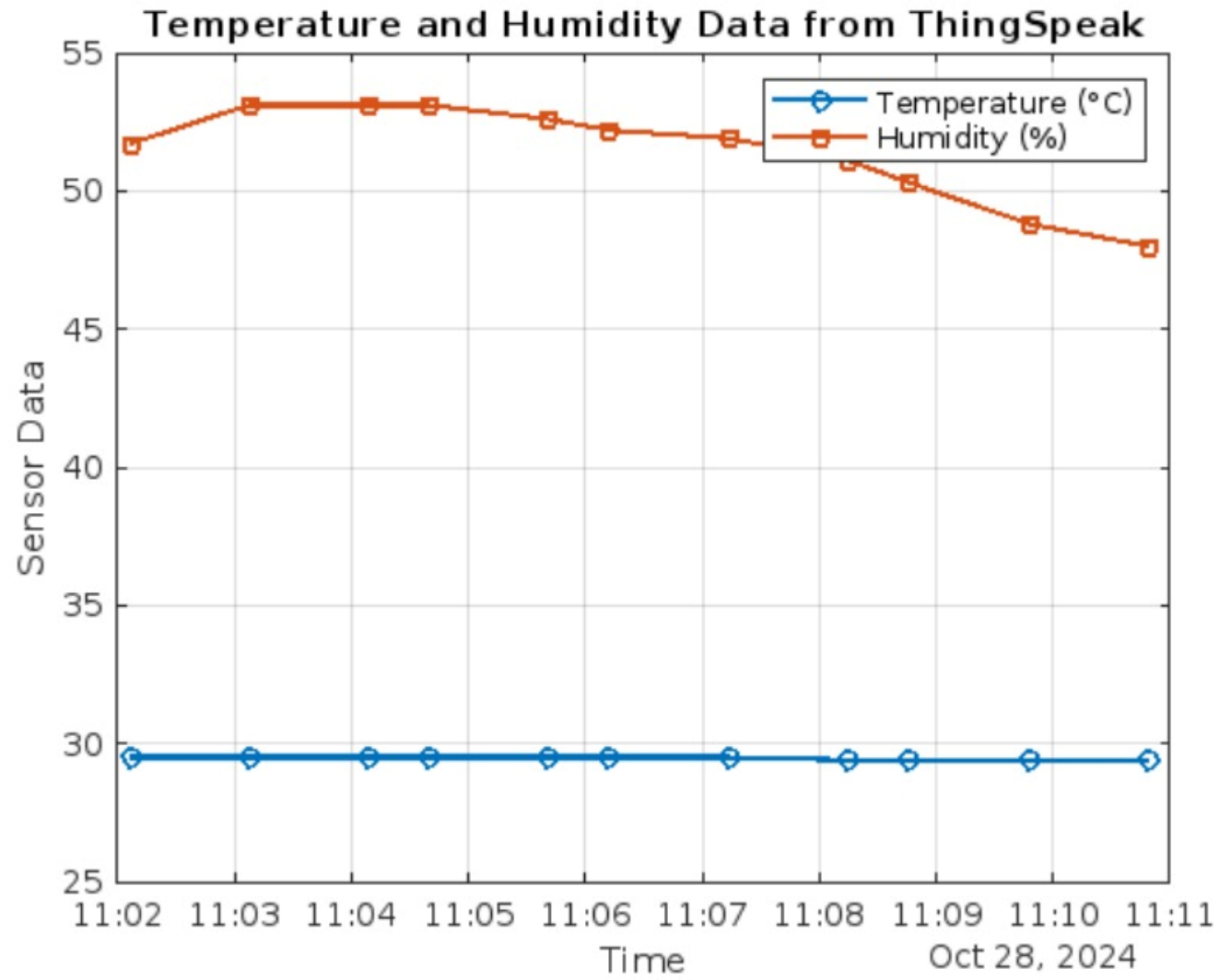
```
1 % Read temperature for the last 10 hours from a ThingSpeak channel and
2 % visualize temperature variations using the MATLAB HISTOGRAM function.
3
4 readChannelID = 2677119;
5
6 % Temperature Field ID
7 TemperatureFieldID = 1;
8
9 % Channel Read API Key
10 readAPIKey = 'JX0V8MBSN0YPWPTE';
11
12 tempF = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID, 'Fields', TemperatureFieldID, ...
13 'NumMinutes', 10*60, 'ReadKey', readAPIKey);
14
15 histogram(tempF);
16 xlabel('Temperature (F)');
17 ylabel('Number of Measurements\nnewline for Each Temperature');
18 title('Histogram of Temperature Variation');
```

Save and Run

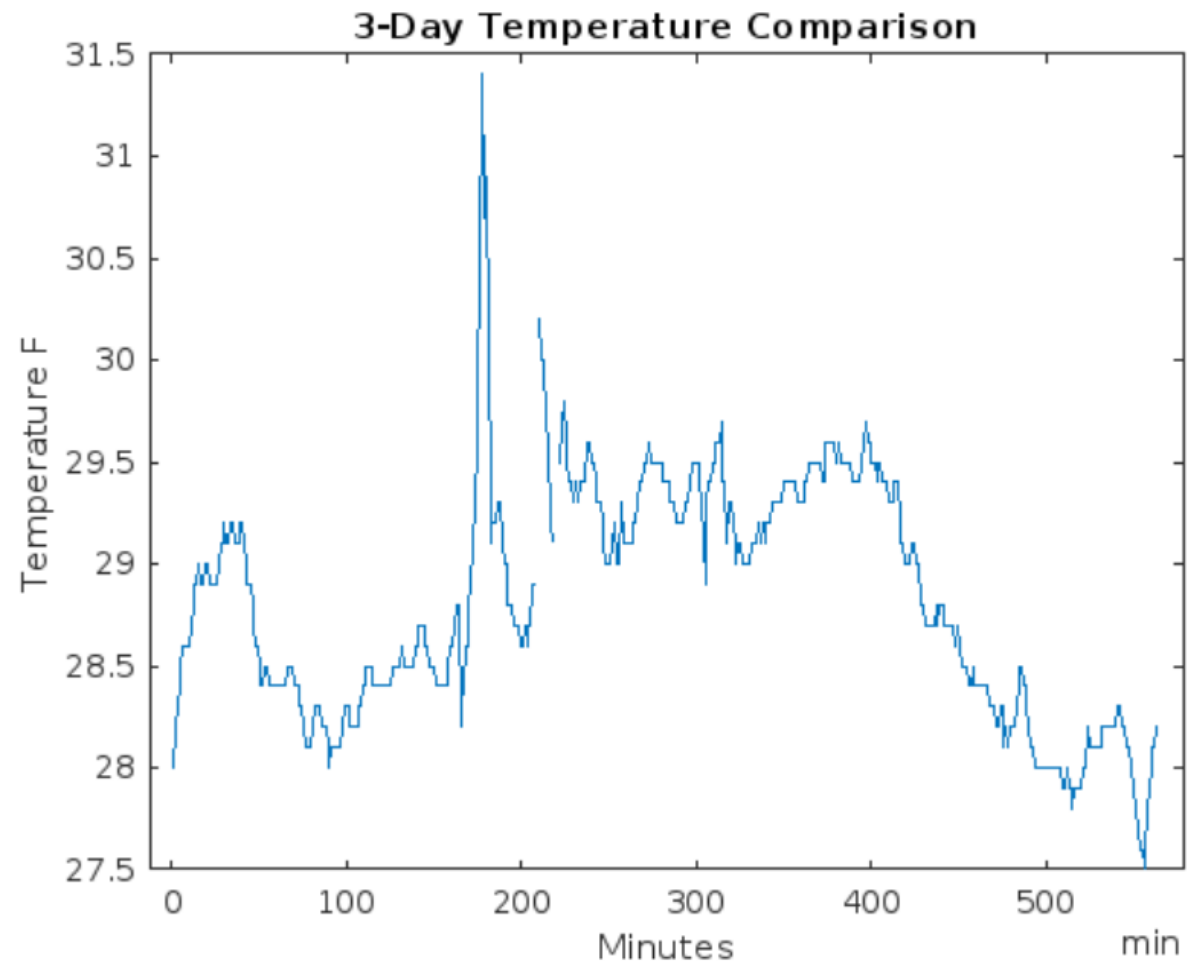
Save*



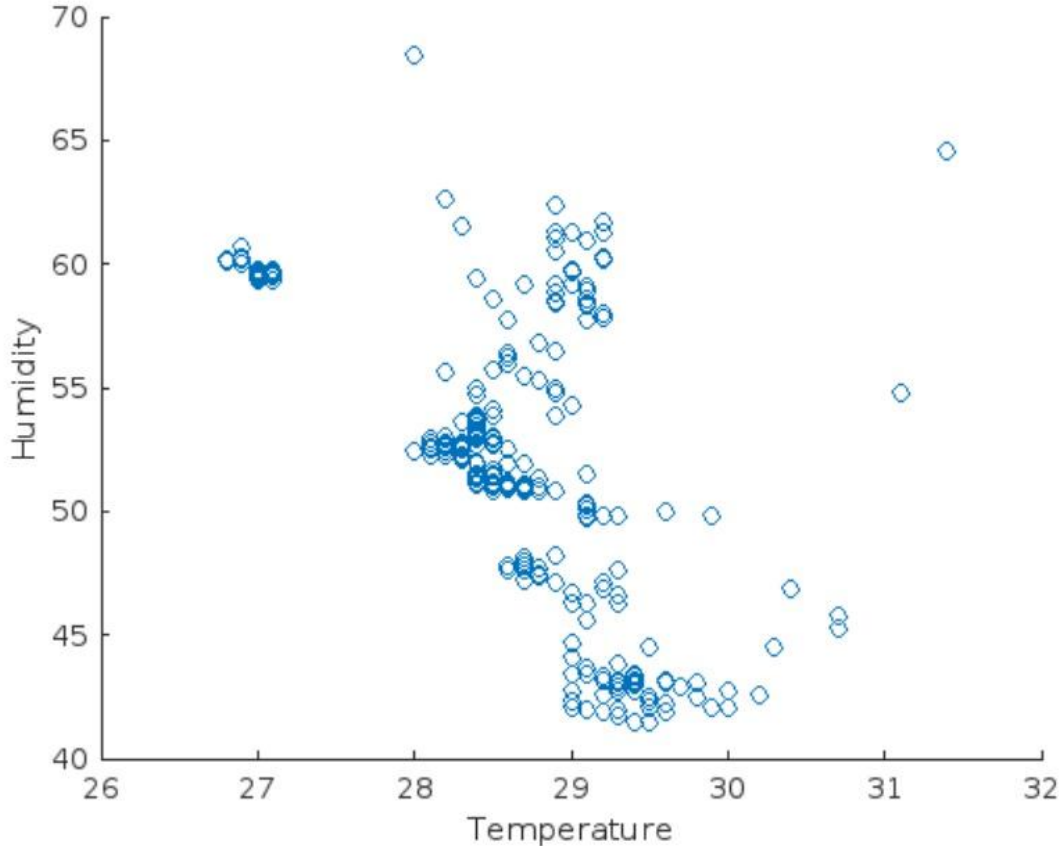
```
1 % Channel ID to read data from
2 readChannelID = 2677119;
3 % Temperature Field ID
4 TemperatureFieldID = 1;
5 % One day date range
6 oneDay = [datetime('yesterday') datetime('today')];
7
8 % Channel Read API Key
9 % If your channel is private, then enter the read API key between the '' below:
10 readAPIKey = 'JXØV8MBSNØYPWPTE';
11
12 % Read Temperature Data. Learn more about the THINGSPEAKREAD function by
13 % going to the Documentation tab on the right side pane of this page.
14 temperatureDay1 = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID,'Fields',TemperatureFieldID, ...
15                                 'dateRange', oneDay, 'ReadKey',readAPIKey);
16 temperatureDay2 = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID,'Fields',TemperatureFieldID, ...
17                                 'dateRange',oneDay-days(1),'ReadKey',readAPIKey);
18 temperatureDay3 = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID,'Fields',TemperatureFieldID, ...
19                                 'dateRange', oneDay-days(2),'ReadKey',readAPIKey);
20
21 % Create array of durations
22 myTimes1 = minutes(1:length(temperatureDay1));
23 myTimes2 = minutes(1:length(temperatureDay2));
24 myTimes3 = minutes(1:length(temperatureDay3));
25
26 % Visualize the data
27 plot(myTimes1,temperatureDay1, myTimes2,temperatureDay2, myTimes3, temperatureDay3);
```



MATLAB Plot Output



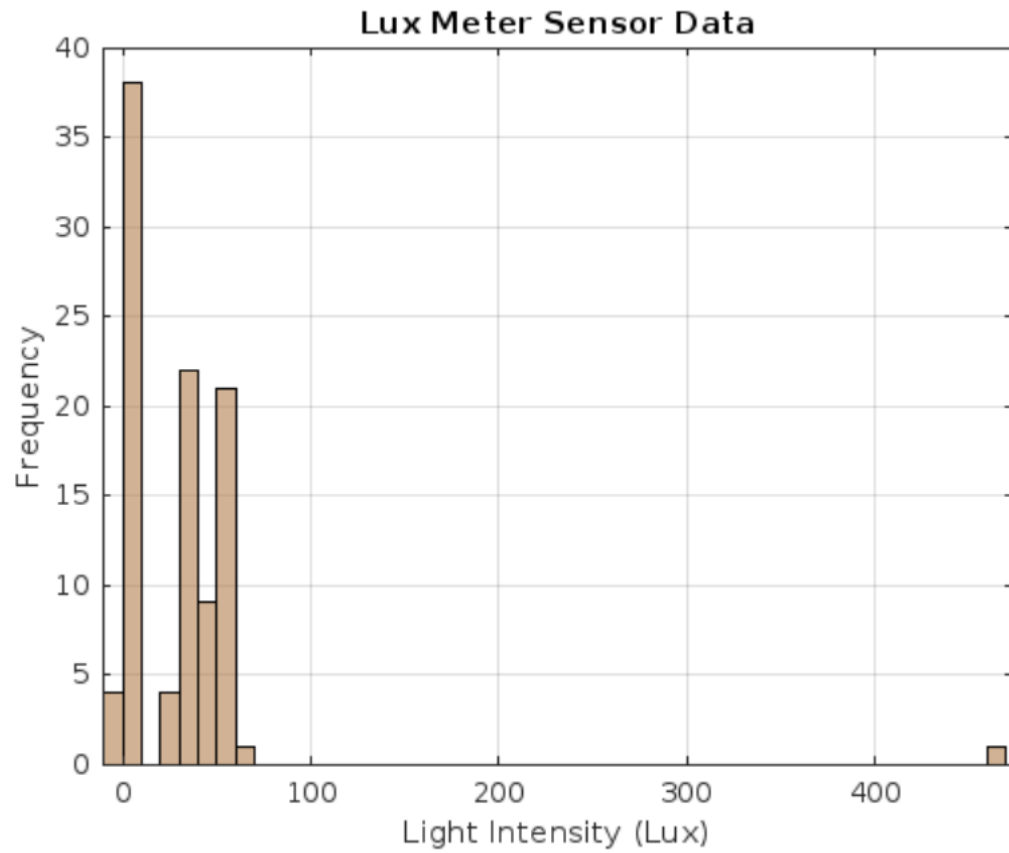
MATLAB Plot Output



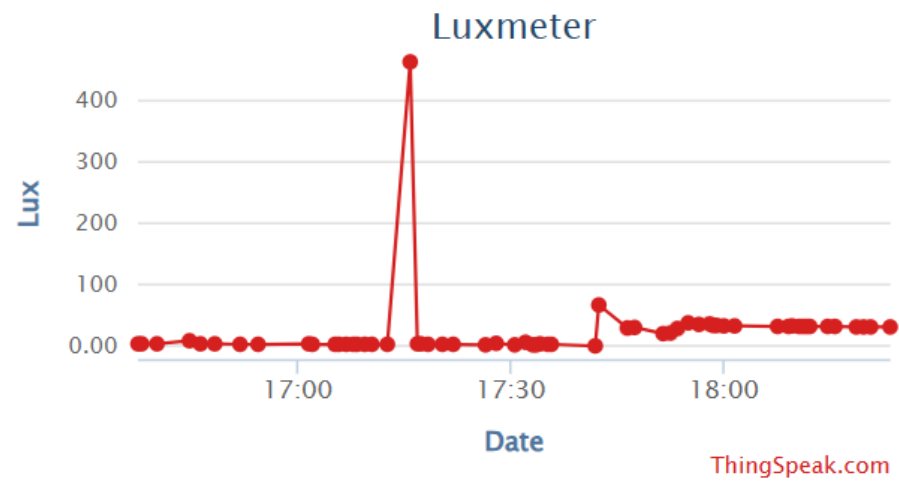
```
1 % Code| read lux meter sensor data from ThingSpeak and plot it in a histogram
2
3 % ThingSpeak Channel ID and Field ID to read lux data
4 readChannelID = 2717729; % Replace with your ThingSpeak channel ID
5 fieldID = 1; % Replace with the field ID where lux data is stored
6
7 % Read API Key (if the channel is private)
8 readAPIKey = 'N3TQTSOS0I4AZR1I'; % Replace with your Read API Key (leave blank if public)
9
10 % Fetch lux data from ThingSpeak
11 % Adjust the 'NumPoints' parameter to control the number of data points retrieved
12 luxData = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID, 'Fields', fieldID, 'NumPoints', 100, 'ReadKey', readAPIKey);
13
14 % Verify that data was retrieved successfully
15 if isempty(luxData)
16     error('No data retrieved. Please check your channel ID, field ID, and API key.');
```

```
17 end
18
19 % Plot lux data in a histogram
20 figure;
21 histogram(luxData, 'BinWidth', 10, 'FaceColor', [0.7, 0.5, 0.3]); % Adjust BinWidth based on
22 title('Lux Meter Sensor Data');
23 xlabel('Light Intensity (Lux)');
24 ylabel('Frequency');
25 grid on;
26
27 % Customize histogram appearance
28 xlim([min(luxData)-10, max(luxData)+10]); % Add padding to limits for clarity
29
```

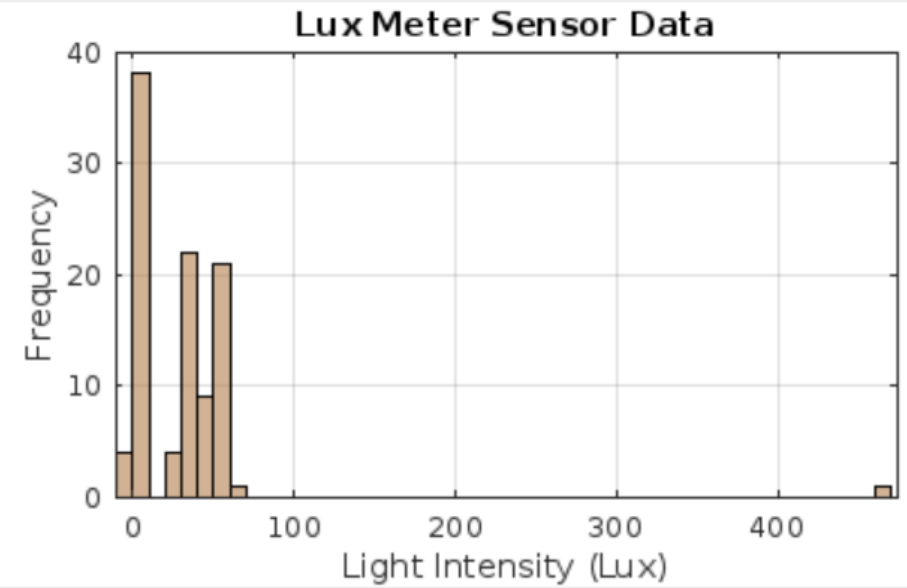
MATLAB Plot Output



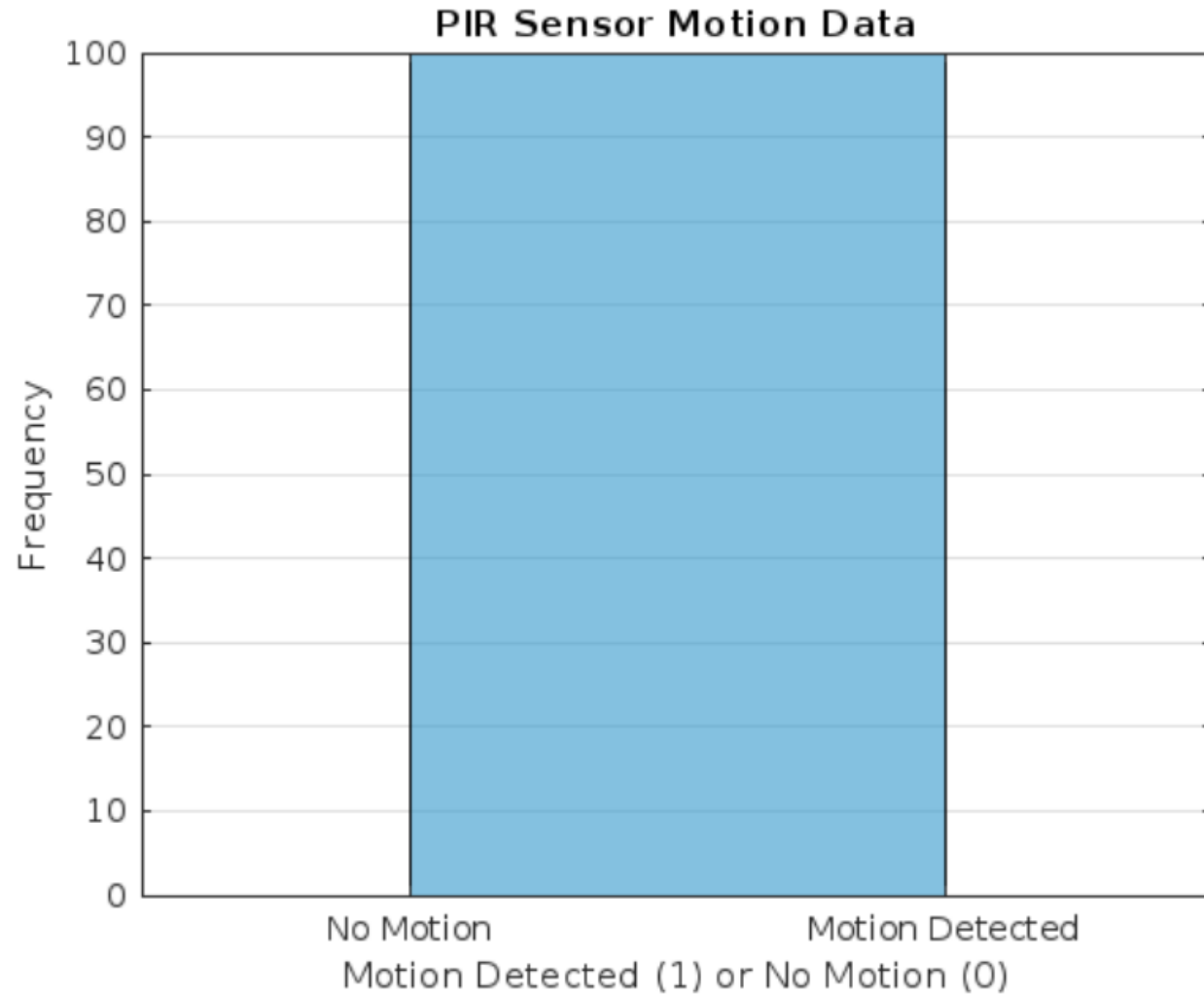
Field 1 Chart



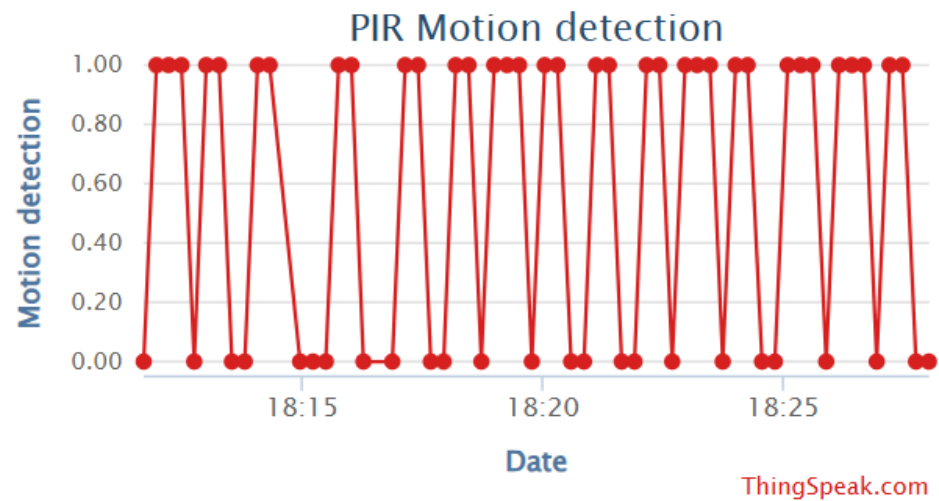
Histogram for Luxmeter



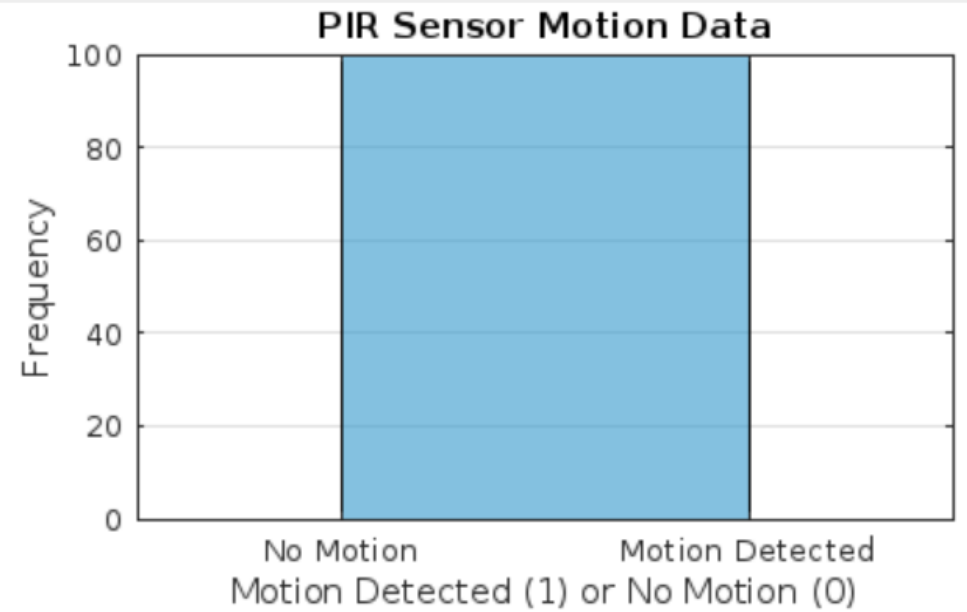
```
1 % Code to read PIR sensor data from ThingSpeak and plot it in a histogram
2 readChannelID = 2725062; % Replace with your ThingSpeak channel ID
3 fieldID = 1; % Replace with the field ID where PIR data is stored
4
5 % Read API Key (if the channel is private)
6 readAPIKey = 'WGUC96BZ0PKUB79C'; % Replace with your Read API Key (leave blank if public)
7
8 % Fetch data from ThingSpeak
9 % Adjust the 'NumPoints' parameter to control the number of data points retrieved
10 pirData = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID, 'Fields', fieldID, 'NumPoints', 100, 'ReadKey', readA
11
12 % Verify that data was retrieved successfully
13 if isempty(pirData)
14     error('No data retrieved. Please check your channel ID, field ID, and API key.');
```



Field 1 Chart



Histogram for PIR



CONCLUSION

- MATLAB offers a robust environment for data visualization, enabling the creation of a wide variety of graphs and plots, such as histograms, scatter plots, 3D surfaces, and heatmaps, which provide clear and detailed insights.
- While ThingSpeak's Field graphs are effective for basic real-time data monitoring, they are limited in customization and depth. By importing ThingSpeak data into MATLAB through channels, I am able to enhance visualizations to suit the dataset better, resulting in more tailored and informative views.

- Click create and write your MATLAB code (e.g., read and plot data), Save and Run.

MATLAB Code

```
1 % Read temperature for the last 10 hours from a ThingSpeak channel and
2 % visualize temperature variations using the MATLAB HISTOGRAM function.
3
4 readChannelID = 2677119;
5
6 % Temperature Field ID
7 TemperatureFieldID = 1;
8
9 % Channel Read API Key
10 readAPIKey = 'JX0V8MBSN0YPWPTTE';
11
12 tempF = thingSpeakRead(readChannelID,'Fields',TemperatureFieldID,...
13 'NumMinutes',10*60, 'ReadKey',readAPIKey);
14
15 histogram(tempF);
16 xlabel('Temperature (F)');
17 ylabel('Number of Measurements\nnewline for Each Temperature');
18 title('Histogram of Temperature Variation');
```

Save and Run

Save*

NEXT STEPS



- Next, I will be exploring MATLAB's analytical capabilities, allowing me to perform deeper data analysis on the collected information.
- This shift to MATLAB analysis promises to unlock further insights, turning raw data into actionable information with advanced functions and calculations.
- This workflow, from data collection on ThingSpeak to enhanced visualization and analysis in MATLAB, showcases a powerful and complementary use of both platforms.



carenity

THE END